

A longitudinally-coupled resonator-type surface acoustic wave filter having a balanced-to-unbalanced conversion function, that improves the degree of balance outside the pass band, and allows the attenuation outside the pass band to be increased. In this surface acoustic wave filter, at least three IDTs are arranged along the propagation direction of a surface acoustic wave, and among the plurality of IDTs, the IDTs on opposite sides are disposed in an approximate point-symmetry about a central IDT. Thus, substantially equal parasitic impedances are added to first and second balanced signal terminals.